

Group Members:

$$
k \varepsilon y
$$

1. The velocity of a particle moving along the $x$-axis in $\mathrm{cm} / \mathrm{sec}$ is given by $v(t)=3 t-t^{2}$ on the interval $0 \leq t \leq 4$. (No Calculator)

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 3 t-t^{2}=0 \\
& t(3-t)=0
\end{aligned}
$$

a) Find the displacement of the particle at $t=4 \mathrm{sec}$.

b) Find the total distance traveled from $t=0$ sec. to $t=4 \mathrm{sec}$.

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { b) Find the total distance traveled from } t=0 \text { sec. to } t=4 \text { sec. } \\
& \begin{aligned}
\left.\int_{0}^{3}\left(3 t-t^{2}\right) d t=\frac{3}{2} t^{2}-\frac{1}{3} t^{3}\right]_{0}^{3} & =\frac{3}{2} \cdot 3^{2}-\frac{1}{3} \cdot 3^{3}-0 \\
& =\frac{27}{2}-9=\frac{27}{2}-\frac{18}{2}=\frac{9}{2}
\end{aligned} \\
& \begin{aligned}
\left.\int_{3}^{4}\left(3 t-t^{2}\right) d t=\frac{3}{2} t^{2}-\frac{1}{3} t^{3}\right]_{3}^{4} & =\left(\frac{3}{2}(16)-\frac{1}{3} \cdot 4^{3}\right)-\left(\frac{3}{2} \cdot 3^{2}-\frac{1}{3}(3)^{3}\right) \\
& =24 \cdot 6-\frac{64 \cdot 2}{3 \cdot 2}-\frac{9 \cdot 3}{2 \cdot 3}=\frac{144}{6}-\frac{128}{6}-\frac{27}{6} \\
& =\frac{-11}{6}
\end{aligned} \\
& \text { Tot al distance }=\frac{9}{2}+\frac{11}{6}=\frac{38}{6} \mathrm{~cm} \quad \frac{11}{6}
\end{aligned}
$$

c) Find the final position of the particle at $\mathrm{t}=4 \mathrm{sec}$ if $\mathrm{s}(0)=3 \mathrm{~cm}$.

$$
\text { Final pos. }=3+\frac{8}{3}=\frac{17}{3} \mathrm{~cm}
$$



1. The rate at which water is pumped out of a pumping station is given by $r(t)=5.01+1.02^{t}$ in millions of gallons per month from Jan. $1^{\text {st }}, 2000$. How much total water has been pumped out of the station on April $1^{\text {st }}, 2000$ ? (Calculator OK)

$$
\text { Totul }=\int_{0}^{3}\left(5.01+1.02^{t}\right) d t \approx 18.121 \text { million gallons }
$$

2. Given the graph of the velocity of a dog moving back and forth on a rope in a yard (that is connected ty his leash) where the velocity is measured in $\mathrm{ft} / \mathrm{sec}$. (No Talc.)

a) What is the displacement of the dog in the 10 seconds?

$$
\int_{0}^{10} v(t) d t=\frac{1}{2} 5.3-\frac{1}{2} 5.3=0 f t
$$

b) What is the total distance traveled by the dog in the 10 seconds?

$$
\int_{0}^{10}|v(t)| d t=\frac{1}{2} 5.3+\frac{1}{2} 5.3=15 \mathrm{ft}
$$

c) What is the dog's acceleration at $\mathrm{t}=3$ seconds? (Give correct units.)

$$
a(3)=1-1 \mathrm{ft} / \sec ^{2}
$$


$\qquad$

1. Find the area between the graphs of $y=x$ and $y=x^{3}$. (No Calculator)


$$
\begin{aligned}
& x^{3}-x=0 \\
& x\left(x^{2}-1\right)=0
\end{aligned}
$$

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \left.x^{2}-1\right) \\
& x=0, x=1,-1
\end{aligned}
$$

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 2 \int_{0}^{1}\left(x-x^{3}\right) d x \\
& 2\left[\frac{1}{2} x^{2}-\frac{1}{4} x^{4}\right]_{0}^{1} \\
& 2\left[\frac{1}{2}-\frac{1}{4}-0\right]=2 \cdot \frac{1}{4}=\frac{1}{2}
\end{aligned}
$$

2. Find the area between the graphs of $x-2 y=3$ and $x-y^{2}=0$. (No Calculator)

$$
\begin{aligned}
& x=2 y+3 \quad \begin{array}{l}
x=y^{2} \\
y^{2}=2 y+3
\end{array} \\
& \rightarrow x=y^{2} \quad y^{2}-2 y-3=0 \quad \begin{array}{l}
(y-3)(y+1)=0 \\
y=3, y=-1
\end{array} \\
& \left.\int_{-1}^{3}\left(2 y+3-y^{2}\right) d y=y^{2}+3 y-\frac{1}{3} y^{3}\right]_{-1}^{3} \\
&
\end{aligned}
$$

$$
\begin{array}{r}
y^{2}=2 y+3 \\
-x=y^{2} \quad y^{2}=2=0
\end{array}
$$



1. Find the area bounded by the $y$-axis, the parabola $y=x^{2}$, and the graph of $y=\cos x$.

$$
\uparrow \quad \begin{aligned}
& \cos x=x^{2} \\
& x \approx .824 \in A
\end{aligned}
$$ (Calculator OK)

$$
\int_{0}^{A}\left(\cos x-x^{2}\right) d x \approx .547
$$

2. Find the area bounded by $y=x+3$ and $y=e^{x}-1$.


$$
\begin{aligned}
& e^{x}-1=x+3 \\
& x \approx 1.749,-3.981 \subset_{B} \\
& \int_{B}^{A}\left(x+3-\left(e^{x}-1\right)\right) d x \\
& \approx 10.795
\end{aligned}
$$

Names:

| Worksheet | $1^{\text {st }}$ Attempt - <br> 3 points | $2^{\text {nd }}$ Attempt - <br> 2 points | 3rd Attempt - <br> HIGH FIVE! |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A |  |  |  |
| B |  |  |  |
| C |  |  |  |
| D |  |  |  |
| Total Points |  |  |  |

## 3 Strikes Yer Out Rules

1) Each worksheet has 2-4 problems. After you are done, bring up the one you finished for grading.
2) You must work together so that each group member is at the same pace.
**Note: Hitchhiking is illegal in Calculus!!**
3) When your whole group is finished with the worksheet, one person should bring ALL worksheets to check with me. Bring your score sheet with you!!
4) Scoring:

- If your group gets $A L L$ problems correct the first time, you will receive 3 points (to be written on the score sheet).
- Otherwise, you will have to take your sheet, go back, and correct them....on the second time, you will receive 2 points.
- ....on the third time...it's a HIGH FIVE FOR YOU!!


## Good Luck!!

