

2.  $f(x) = e^{-4x}$

$f' = -4e^{-4x}$   
 $f'' = -4 \cdot -4e^{-4x}$   
 $f''' = -4 \cdot -4 \cdot -4e^{-4x}$   
 $f^{(n)} = (-4)^n e^{-4x}$

however we can think of substitution

$f(u) = e^u = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{u^n}{n!} \quad \therefore \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-4x)^n}{n!}$

★ Recall  $f(x) = e^x$   
 $\approx 1 + x + \frac{x^2}{2!} + \frac{x^3}{3!} + \dots = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{x^n}{n!}$   
 $f(0) = 1$   
 $f'(0) = 1$   
 $f''(0) = 1$

4.  $f(x) = \sin x \quad c = \pi/4$

think about  
 $f(x) = \sin x$  centered  $x=0$   
 $x - \frac{x^3}{3!} + \frac{x^5}{5!} - \frac{x^7}{7!} + \frac{x^9}{9!} + \dots = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^n x^{2n+1}}{(2n+1)!}$

$f(\pi/4) = \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}$   
 $f'(\pi/4) = \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}$   
 $f''(\pi/4) = -\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}$   
 $f'''(\pi/4) = -\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}$

$\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} + \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} \frac{(x - \pi/4)}{1!} - \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} \frac{(x - \pi/4)^2}{2!} - \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} \frac{(x - \pi/4)^3}{3!} + \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} \frac{(x - \pi/4)^4}{4!} + \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} \frac{(x - \pi/4)^5}{5!} + \dots$

$\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^n (x - \pi/4)^{2n}}{(2n)!} + \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^{n-1} (x - \pi/4)^{2n-1}}{(2n-1)!}$   
 even degree  
 degree of zero  
 odd degree

7.  $f(x) = \ln x \quad c=1 \quad f(1) = \ln 1 = 0$

$f' = \frac{1}{x} \quad f'' = -\frac{1}{x^2} \quad f''' = \frac{2}{x^3} \quad f^{(4)} = -\frac{6}{x^4} \quad f^{(5)} = \frac{24}{x^5}$

$P_5 = 0 + 1(x-1) - \frac{(x-1)^2}{2!} + \frac{2(x-1)^3}{3!} - \frac{6(x-1)^4}{4!} + \frac{24(x-1)^5}{5!}$   
 $= (x-1) - \frac{(x-1)^2}{2} + \frac{(x-1)^3}{3} - \frac{(x-1)^4}{4} + \frac{(x-1)^5}{5} + \dots$   
 $\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^{n+1} (x-1)^n}{n}$

28.  $g(x) = e^{-3x}$

$\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-3x)^n}{n!}$

$e^x = 1 + x + \frac{x^2}{2!} + \frac{x^3}{3!} + \frac{x^4}{4!} + \frac{x^5}{5!} + \dots + \frac{x^n}{n!} + \dots$

$$\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-3x)^n}{n!}$$

36.  $g(x) = 2 \sin x^3$

$$\sin x = x - \frac{x^3}{3!} + \frac{x^5}{5!} - \frac{x^7}{7!} + \frac{x^9}{9!} - \dots + \frac{(-1)^n x^{2n+1}}{(2n+1)!}$$

$$2 \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^n (x^3)^{2n+1}}{(2n+1)!} = 2 \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^n x^{6n+3}}{(2n+1)!}$$