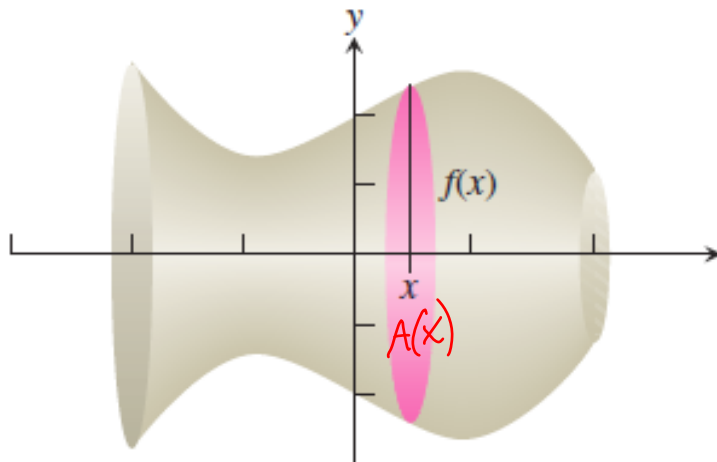
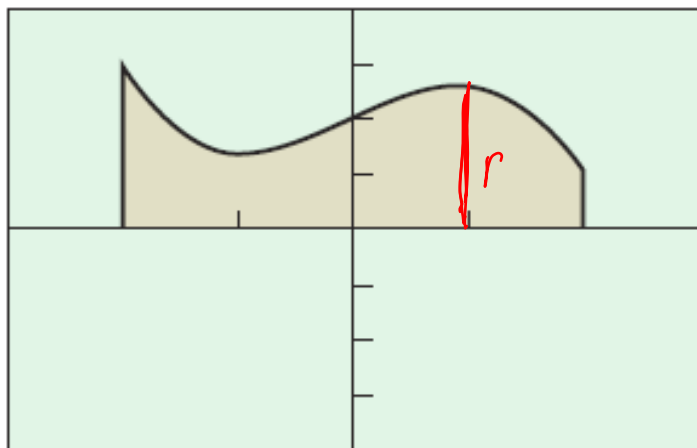


EXAMPLE 2 A Solid of Revolution

The region between the graph of $f(x) = 2 + x \cos x$ and the x -axis over the interval $[-2, 2]$ is revolved about the x -axis to generate a solid. Find the volume of the solid.



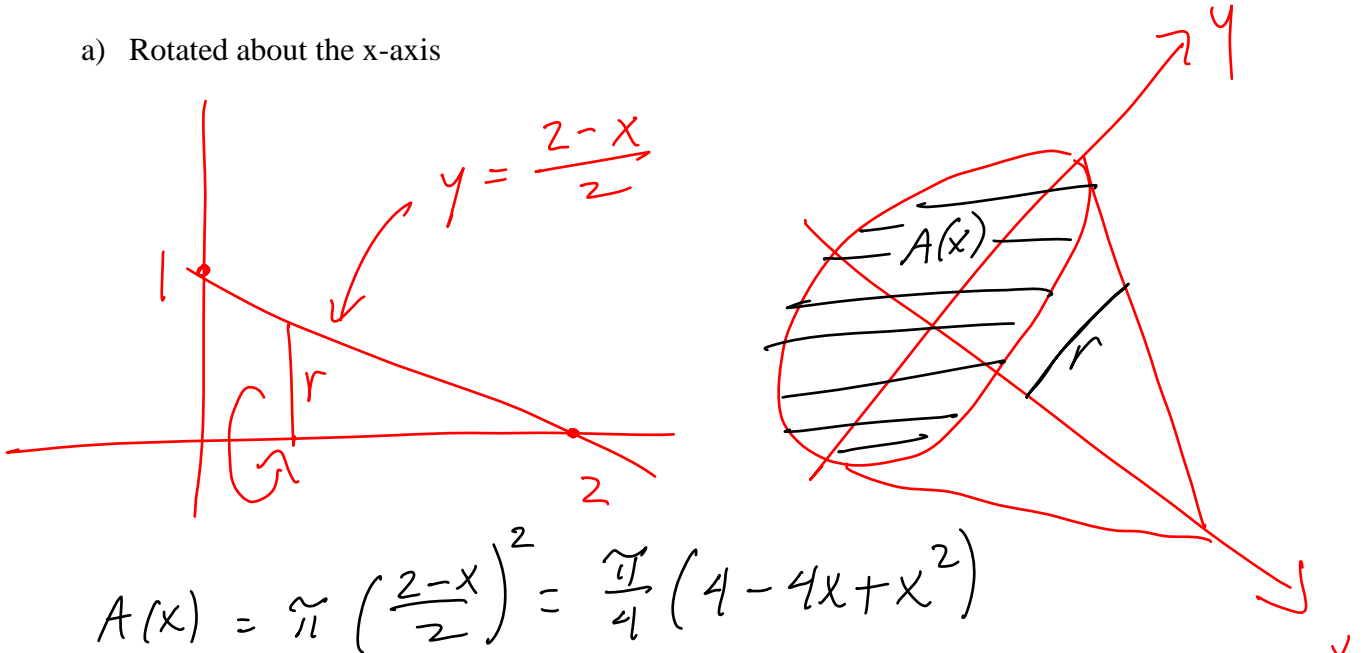
$$r = f(x) = 2 + x \cos x$$

$$A(x) = \pi r^2 = \pi (2 + x \cos x)^2$$

$$V = \pi \int_{-2}^2 (2 + x \cos x)^2 dx \approx 52.43 \quad \text{using FNINT}$$

Draw both 2 dimensional and 3 dimensional pictures and find the volume of the solid generated by revolving the region bounded by $x+2y=2$, $x=0$, $y=0$ about the given axis.

a) Rotated about the x-axis

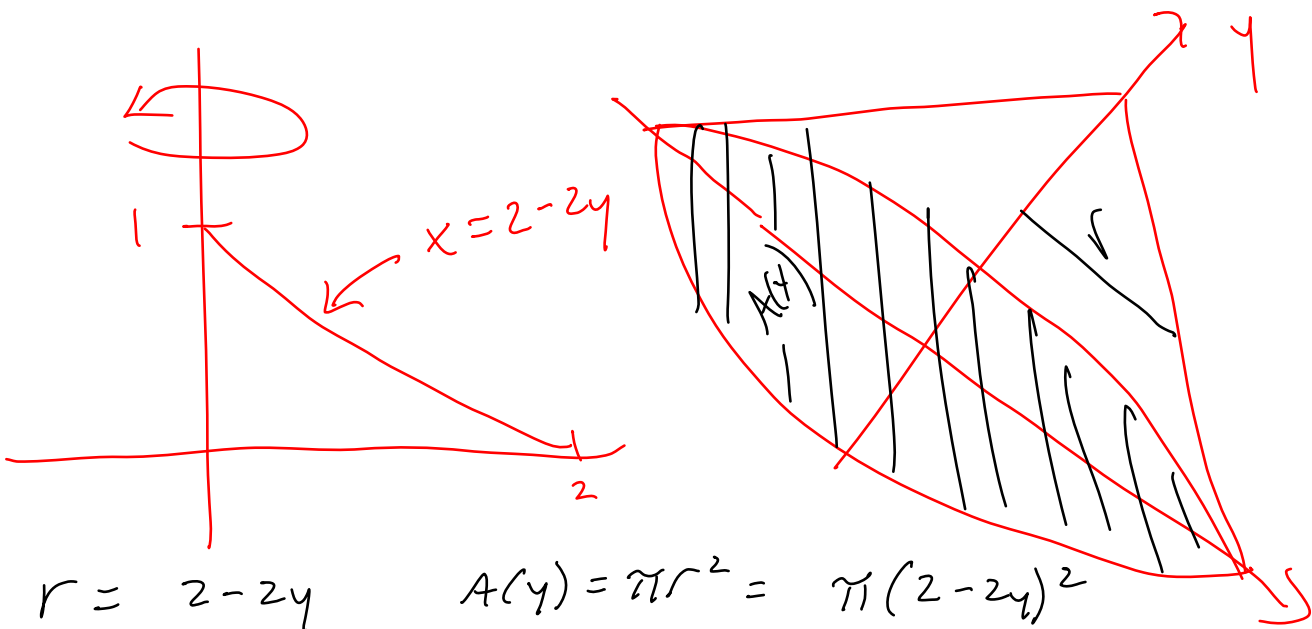


$$A(x) = \pi \left(\frac{2-x}{2} \right)^2 = \frac{\pi}{4} (4 - 4x + x^2)$$

$$V = \frac{\pi}{4} \int_0^2 (4 - 4x + x^2) dx = \frac{\pi}{4} \left[4x - 4 \cdot \frac{1}{2} x^2 + \frac{1}{3} x^3 \right]_0^2$$

$$= \frac{\pi}{4} \left[8 - 8 + \frac{1}{3} \cdot 8 \right] = \frac{8\pi}{12} = \frac{2\pi}{3}$$

b) Rotated about the y-axis



$$r = 2 - 2y \quad A(y) = \pi r^2 = \pi (2 - 2y)^2$$

$$V = \pi \int_0^1 (4 - 8y + 4y^2) dy = \pi \left[4y - 8 \cdot \frac{1}{2} y^2 + 4 \cdot \frac{1}{3} y^3 \right]_0^1 = \frac{4\pi}{3}$$