

$$\frac{dP}{dt} = kP(m-P) \quad P = \frac{m}{1+ce^{-kmz}}$$

23) $\frac{dP}{dt} = 0.006P(200-P) \quad m=200 \quad k=.006 \quad P(0)=8$

a. Carry capacity $m=200$

b. P when $\frac{dP}{dt}$ is the greatest $\frac{m}{2} = 100$ individuals

c. $\frac{dP}{dt} = .006(100)(200-100) \quad 600$ individuals per year

24. $\frac{dP}{dt} = .0008P(700-P) \quad k=.0008 \quad m=700$

a. 700 individuals

b. 350 individual

c. $\frac{dP}{dt} = .0008(350)(700-350) \quad 98$ individuals per year

27. $\frac{dP}{dt} = 0.006P(200-P)$ and $P=8$ when $t=0$

opt hand \star 2 options for this problem

$$\int \frac{1}{P(200-P)} dP = \int 0.006 dt$$

$$\frac{1}{P(200-P)} = \frac{A}{P} + \frac{B}{200-P}$$

$$1 = A(200-P) + BP$$

when $P=0 \quad 1 = 200A \quad P=200 \quad 1 = 200B$

$$A = \frac{1}{200} \quad B = \frac{1}{200}$$

$$\frac{1}{200} \int \frac{1}{P} dP + \frac{1}{200} \int \frac{1}{200-P} dP = 0.006t$$

$$\frac{1}{200} \ln|P| + \frac{1}{200} \ln|200-P| = 0.006t + C$$

$$-0.006t - C = \frac{1}{200} \ln|200-P| - \frac{1}{200} \ln P$$

$$-0.006t - C = \frac{1}{200} \ln \frac{200-P}{P}$$

$$\rightarrow e^{-1.2t} \cdot e^C = \frac{200}{P} - 1$$

$$C \cdot 1 = \frac{200}{8} - 1$$

$$n - n = 1$$

$$-0.006t - C = \frac{1}{200} \ln \frac{200-P}{P}$$

$$-1.2t - C = \ln \frac{200-P}{P}$$

$$24e^{-1.2t} = \frac{200}{P} - 1$$

$$1 + 24e^{-1.2t} = \frac{200}{P}$$

$$P = \frac{200}{1 + 24e^{-1.2t}}$$

$$C = 25 - 1$$

$$C = 24$$

however... now that is a lot of work

opt 2
not bad

$$\frac{dP}{dt} = 0.006P(200-P)$$

$$P=8 \text{ when } t=0$$

$$kP(m-P)$$

$$m = 200$$

$$200(0.006) = 1.2 = mk$$

$$P = \frac{M}{1 + Ae^{-mk t}}$$

$$P = \frac{200}{1 + Ae^{-1.2t}}$$

$$\text{now... } 8 = \frac{200}{1+A}$$

$$1+A = \frac{200}{8}$$

$$1+A = 25$$

$$A = 24$$

$$P = \frac{200}{1 + 24e^{-1.2t}}$$

$$31. P(t) = \frac{1000}{1 + e^{4.8 - 0.7t}} = \frac{1000}{1 + e^{4.8} \cdot e^{-0.7t}}$$

$$-km = -0.7$$

$$-1000k = -0.7$$

$$k = 0.0007$$

$$m = 1000$$

$$34. \frac{dP}{dt} = 0.0004P(250-P)$$

$$m = 250$$

$$k \cdot m = 0.1$$

$$P(t) = \frac{250}{1 + Ae^{-0.1t}}$$

let t = time in yrs since 1970

$$28 = \frac{250}{1+A}$$

$$A = 7.9286$$

$$P(t) = \frac{250}{1 + 7.9286 e^{-0.1t}}$$

40. True $M=100$ meaning $\lim_{t \rightarrow \infty} P(t) = 100$

$$\lim_{t \rightarrow -\infty} P(t) = 0$$

$\therefore P(0)$ must be between 0 & 100

44. we know $\frac{dP}{dt} = kP(M-P)$

to connect to this problem $\frac{dy}{dx} = ky(m-y)$ B

this eliminates choices A, D, & E