6.1 Day 1

Estimating Area Under a Curve

V(t)

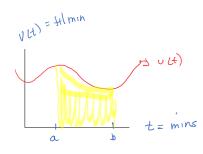
128 miles

7am 2 hrs 9am

a train moves along at a steady rate of 64mph.

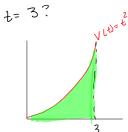
from Tam to 9am.

what is the total distance traveled during those a hours?



displacement from t=a to t=b.

Ex: starts a) x=0 along the x-axis ul v(t)=t2
for t>0. Where is the particle a)

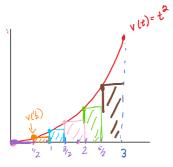


S(3)-S(0) = displacement

Use a Rectangular Approximation method (RAM).

3 types:

1) Left Rect. Approx method (LRAM) use le partitions.



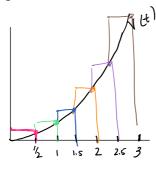
 $\Delta x = 3 - 0 = 3$ n = number of partitions = 6

$$\frac{\Delta x}{n} = \frac{3}{w} = \frac{1}{2} = width$$

 $LRAM_{b} = \frac{1}{2}V(0) + \frac{1}{2}V(\frac{1}{2}) + \frac{1}{2}V(1) + \frac{1}{2}V(\frac{3}{2}) + \frac{1}{2}V(2) + \frac{1}{2}V(8)$   $= \frac{1}{2}\left(0 + \frac{1}{4} + \frac{1}{4} + \frac{9}{4} + \frac{1}{4} + \frac{2}{4} + \frac{1}{4} + \frac{2}{4} + \frac{1}{4} + \frac{2}{4} + \frac{1}{4} + \frac{$ 

2 Right Rect. Approx

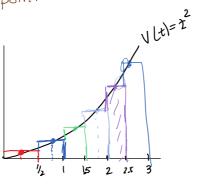
RRAML



$$\frac{1}{2}V(2) + \frac{1}{2}V(1) + \frac{1}{2}V(15) + \frac{1}{2}V(2) + \frac{1}{2}V(25) + \frac{1}{2}V(3)$$

$$\frac{1}{2}(\frac{35}{4}+14)=11.375$$

3 midpoint Rect. Approx method mRAM.



 $\frac{1}{2}(\sqrt{(4)}) + \frac{1}{2}\sqrt{(3/4)} + \frac{1}{2}\sqrt{(5/4)} + \frac{1}{2}\sqrt{(7/4)} + \frac{1}{2}(9/4) + \frac{1}{2}(9/4)$