

## 5.2 Day 1

Monday, April 1, 2019 9:52 AM

ex: 1 Prove  $\tan x + \cot x = \sec x \csc x$

$$\begin{aligned}
 &= \frac{\sin x}{\cos x} + \frac{\cos x}{\sin x} \\
 &= \frac{\sin^2 x}{\cos x \sin x} + \frac{\cos^2 x}{\cos x \sin x} \\
 &= \frac{\sin^2 x + \cos^2 x}{\cos x \sin x} \\
 &= \frac{1}{\cos x \sin x} \\
 &= \frac{1}{\cos x} \cdot \frac{1}{\sin x} \\
 &= \sec x \csc x \quad \square
 \end{aligned}$$

2. you try... prove  $\frac{1}{\sec x - 1} + \frac{1}{\sec x + 1} = 2 \cot x \csc x$

$$\begin{aligned}
 &= \frac{\sec x + 1 + \sec x - 1}{(\sec x - 1)(\sec x + 1)} \\
 &= \frac{2 \sec x}{\sec^2 x - 1} \\
 &= \frac{2 \sec x}{\tan^2 x} \\
 &= 2 \sec x \cdot \frac{1}{\tan^2 x} \\
 &= 2 \cdot \frac{1}{\cos x} \cdot \frac{\cos x}{\sin^2 x} \\
 &= 2 \cdot \frac{\cos x}{\sin x \cdot \sin x} \\
 &= 2 \cdot \frac{\cos x}{\sin x} \cdot \frac{1}{\sin x} \\
 &= 2 \cot x \cdot \csc x
 \end{aligned}$$

3. prove  $\frac{\cot^2 u}{1 + \csc u} = \cot u (\sec u - \tan u)$

$$= \frac{\cos^2 u - 1}{1 + \csc u}$$

$$a^2 - b^2 = (a-b)(a+b)$$

Think about

$$\frac{\cos u}{\sin u} \left( \frac{1}{\cos u} - \frac{\sin u}{\cos u} \right)$$

$$= \frac{\csc^2 x - 1}{1 + \csc x}$$

$$= \frac{(\csc x - 1)(\csc x + 1)}{1 + \csc x}$$

$$= \frac{1}{\sin x} - 1$$

$$= \frac{\cos u}{\sin u} \left( \frac{1}{\cos u} - \frac{\sin u}{\cos u} \right)$$

$$= \cot u (\sec u - \tan u) \quad \text{!!}$$

Think about

$$\frac{\cos u}{\sin u} \left( \frac{1}{\cos u} - \frac{\sin u}{\cos u} \right)$$

$$\frac{1}{\sin u} - 1$$

you try... kinda... -

prove  $\frac{\cos x}{1 - \sin x} = \frac{1 + \sin x}{\cos x}$

$$= \frac{\cos x (1 + \sin x)}{(1 - \sin x)(1 + \sin x)}$$

$$= \frac{\cos x (1 + \sin x)}{1 - \sin^2 x}$$

$$= \frac{\cancel{\cos x} (1 + \sin x)}{\cos^2 x} \quad \text{!!}$$

$$1 - \sin^2 x$$

$$a^2 - b^2 = (a - b)(a + b)$$